

STUDENT ID NO										

MULTIMEDIA UNIVERSITY

FINAL EXAMINATION

TRIMESTER 1, 2016/2017

DII5018 - INTRODUCTION TO INVESTMENT

(For Diploma Students Only)

15 OCTOBER 2016 2.30 pm - 4.30 pm (2 Hours)

INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENT

- This question paper consists of NINE (9) pages only excluding the cover page.
- 2. Answer ALL questions.
- 3. Answers for Section A should be shaded on the OMR sheet provided.
- 4. For Section B, please write your answer in the answer booklet provided.

SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (each question carries 1 mark).

1.	The commitment of current funds in anticipation of receiving a larger future flow of funds is called
	A. a financial asset
	B. a real asset
	C. an investment
	D. none of the above
2.	A direct equity claim arises through investment in
	A. bonds and other debt instruments
	B. common stocks
	C. preferred stock
	D. none of the above.
3.	A(n) is a legally documented claim on an asset, while a is an actual, tangible asset which may be seen, felt, held, or collected.
	A. real asset; financial asset
	B. financial asset; real asset
	C. indirect equity claim; direct equity claim
	D. none of the above.
4.	Which of the following is NOT an example of investments for growth oriented stage?
	A. Common stocks
	B. Options
	C. Futures
	D. Preferred stock
5	. Which of the following is a TRUE statement?
	A. To be useful, investment objectives must be specific.
	D. Investment goals are the same for each individual.
	C. Because investment objectives deal with the future, it is useless to plan more
	than five years in the future.
	D. A long-term investment objective involves a time period of five years or less.
(5. An emergency fund should be deposited in a
	A. savings account at the highest available interest rate.
	B. six month certificate of deposit.
	C. checking account.
	D. safe place at home.
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7.	Which of the following investments would rank the highest with regard to safety?
	A. government bonds B. common stock C. corporate bonds D. real estate
8.	The ease with which an investment can be converted to cash without a substantial loss in dollar value is called the
	A. asset value B. ease of liquidity C. immediate quotient D. variable cost factor
9.	A type of investment that combines and invests the funds of many investors and manages it with a professional manager is called a
	A. bond B. securities exchange. C. certificate of deposit. D. mutual fund.
10	Financial intermediaries exist because small investors cannot efficiently
	 A. diversify their portfolios B. gather all relevant information C. assess credit risk of borrower D. all of the above
1	1. If a company decides to issue new securities, these should be issued in
	A. Primary market B. Secondary market C. Third market D. Fourth market
1	2. Which of the following refers selling stock borrowed from another investor?
	A. A Long position B. A Margin trade C. A Short sale D. A Limit order

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D. none of the above	
B. 11% C. 10%	
A. 12%	
24. What would the holding period return for a stock that increased in verification of the RM60 per share to RM63 per share and paid a RM3.00 dividend?	alue from
D. 8.60 percent	
C. 8.43 percent	
B. 8.20 percent	
A. 6.00 percent	
23. On the year of 2015, ABC stock returned 11.4 percent, the risk-free rate percent, and the inflation rate was 2.8 percent. What is the risk premium stock?	e was 3.2 n on ABC
D. annual dividend income received.	
 C. change in the stock price divided by the original stock price. 	
 A. dividend income divided by the beginning price per share. B. capital gain or loss plus any dividend income. 	
22. The total dollar return on a share of stock is defined as the	_
C. riskless rate. D. risk premium.	
B. real return.	
A. inflated return.	
21. The additional return earned for accepting risk is called the	•
D. the real estate market.	
B. the secondary market. C. the third market.	
A. the primary market.	
20. Creating prices for securities and allowing for liquidity are functions of	,
D. the cost of the investment is reduced	
C. the commissions on the investment are increased	
A. The whole investment value is being finance using investor's own fundB. part of the cost of investment is borrowed	•
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19. If a stock is bought on margin,	
C. II and III D. III and IV	
B. I and IV	
A. I and II	

25. The proverb "the sooner one receives a return on a given investment, the better," reflects the financial concept known as the
A. Time value of money.
B. Total Return concept
C. Required return concept
D. Historical dividend theory
26. The two components that make up the risk-free rate are
A. real rate of return and capital gains
B. risk-free assets and capital gains
C. real rate of return and the inflation factor
D. real assets and the inflation factor.
27. Because most investors are risk averse,
27. Because most investors are risk dverse,
A. the riskier the investment, the more the investor will pay for it.
B. the riskier the investment, the less compensation the investor requires.
C. only financial institutions invest in risky assets.
D. they will require a higher rate of return for a riskier investment.
28. Salmah purchased a share of stock for RM20. One year later she received a RM1 dividend and sold the share for RM24. What was Salmah's holding period return?
A. 20.8 percent
B. 30.0 percent
C. 33.6 percent
D. 25.0 percent
29. What factors must be considered in choosing between investment alternatives?
A. risk and liquidity
rs - * dividende ve canital gains
C. time frame for managing funds and evaluating performance and tax effects.
D. all of the above
30. An investment in common stock carries a higher return than a bank certificate of
deposit. The difference in returns is called
A. the risk-free rate
B. the real rate of return
C. the risk premium
D. none of the above

- 31. Portfolio theory is based on the idea that:
 - A. Combining investments increases returns
 - B. Combining investments makes companies easier to run
 - C. Combining investments reduces risk
 - D. Shareholders like companies that have a wide range of interests
- 32. Company H has a share beta of 1.5 whilst company L has a share beta of 0.8. This means that other things being equal:
 - A. H will outperform L when the market is rising
 - B. L will outperform H when the market is rising
 - C. H will always outperform L
 - D. The returns on H will be 1.5/0.8 that of L
- 33. Which of the following measures or concepts are used by modern portfolio theory?
 - I. beta
 - II. inter industry diversification
 - III. efficient fronticr
 - IV. correlation
 - A. II and III only
 - B. I and IV only
 - C. I, III and IV only
 - D. I, II, III and IV
- 34. In which of the following risks the factors are specific, unique and related to the particular industry or company?
 - A. Pressure risk
 - B. Unsystematic risk
 - C. Odd risk
 - D. Even risk
- 35. This type of risk is unavoidable through proper diversification.
 - A. portfolio risk
 - B. systematic risk
 - C. unsystematic risk
 - D. total risk
- 36. An "aggressive" common stock would have a "beta"_____
 - A. equal to zero.
 - B. greater than one.
 - C. equal to one.
 - D. less than one.

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- C. exact price that an investor should be willing to pay for any given investment.
- D. difference between a risk-free return and the expected rate of inflation.
- 39. Traditional portfolio managers prefer well-known companies because
 - stocks of well-known firms tend to be less risky than stocks of lesser-known firms.
 - II. individuals are more apt to purchase a mutual fund if it contains stocks of well-known firms.
 - III. window dressing encourages the purchase of well-known stocks.
 - IV. institutional investors tend to exhibit "herd-like" behavior.
 - A. I only
 - B. I and II only
 - C. II and III only
 - D. I, II, III, and IV
- 40. To obtain the maximum reduction in risk, an investor should combine assets that
 - A. are negatively correlated.
 - B. are uncorrelated.
 - C. have a correlation coefficient of positive one.
 - D. have a correlation coefficient of negative one.

[TOTAL 40 MARKS]

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SECTION B: STRUCTURED QUESTIONS

QUESTION 1

Amirah had just started as an investor. She learnt that stock price is not fixed, will fluctuate from time to time, therefore she wants to benefit from this price movement. She bought 500 unit of shares of Kirana Berhad at RM 1.20 per share, with a margin of 60%. Assume bank's required margin is 70%. Based on this scenario of Amirah's, answer the following question.

- a) Calculate the debit balance for Amirah's transaction. (1.5 marks)
- b) How much equity capital must Amirah provide for this margin transaction? (1.5 marks)
- c) If Kirana Berhad share price rises by RM 0.20 per share, what will be the new margin position? (3 marks)
- d) Will there be a margin call in part (c.)? If yes, how much is the new debit balance in order to maintain the 70% margin? (4 marks)
- e) Calculate the total return on invested capital for Amirah if she sells Kirana Berhad shares at the price of RM 1.60 with the assumption of 0.85% interest charged on margin, and dividend received were RM 0.20 per share. (5 marks)

(Total 15 marks)

QUESTION 2

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- a) Name the THREE (3) steps in "Top Down" approach of traditional security analysis. (3 marks)
- b) Given the following information for the year ended 2015.

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Total Current Assets	38,200
Fixed Assets	108,000
Interest Expense	15,000
Total Current Liabilities	28,300
Account Payable	14,125
Sales	100,800
Account Receivable	18,100
Long-Term Debt	38,800
Inventory	18,050
Long Term Debt	38,800
Total Equity	79,100

Continued...

Calculate:

Liquidity ratios. (4 marks) i.

Activity ratios.

(6 marks)

c) Suggest to your friends any TWO (2) ratios that can be used to measure the (2 marks) profitability of a company.

(Total 15 marks)

QUESTION 3

a) At 1st January 2007, the Durian-Durian Sdn. Bhd. issues callable bonds at par of RM1,500. The coupon rate is 10.5 percent compounded annually and will matured in 31th December 2025. The bonds currently sell at RM2,500 and the call price is RM2.050. Durian-Durian Sdn. Bhd. plan to call the bonds five year before the maturity date. Assume today is 1st January 2016.

Calculate:

Current yield. If the required current yield is 8 percent would you invest? i. (3 marks)

(4.5 marks) ii. Yield to maturity.

iñ. Yield to call. (4.5 marks)

b) State any THREE (3) bond investment strategies.

(3 marks)

(Total 15 marks)

QUESTION 4

a) The Pyramid Asset Management Berhad expected the sphinx fund assets is RM5 millions and the liabilities is RM500,000 when the market close. Currently the sphinx fund has 2.55 million units outstanding.

Calculate the NAV per unit. (2 marks) i.

If the investor invests RM5,000. Calculate the total units of the mutual ii. (2 marks)

If the NAV of the fund increased to RM2.00, calculate the total return in iii. (3 marks) percentage.

If the investor required a 6 percent return for the mutual fund invested, iv. would you recommend the investor to invest in this mutual fund? State (2 marks) your reason?

b) List down any SIX (6) factors in comparing mutual funds.

(6 marks)

(Total 15 marks)

[TOTAL 60 MARKS]

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